power	Powerdynamo brings new ignition & light to your vintage motorcycle				
biz	Company	Products	Technical Help	Search	
Assembly instructions	s for system 70	25 799 00		V	ersion 07.07.2014
If you can install and If you ne			basic mechanical sl better have it done		
Powerdynamo can not r operation, usage and m bodily injury. Therefore incorrect installation, im product, technical data	aintenance of the we assume no re pproper operation,	system. Improper in sponsibility for loss, o, or incorrect use and	stallation may result i lamage or cost which maintenance. We res	n damage to property result from, or are in	 and possibly even any way related to,
IMPORTANT:	motorcycle Please bear in n have not been a This leads to a l please take note what you have l damage your er first test runs. I carefully that th	nind that any modific agreed with Powerdyr oss of reverse polarit e of the information p pought really corresp ngine and even hurt y f needed change sett e rotor (flywheel) do	Ily and carefully bef ation of the material a namo may result in a l y protection and ofter provided on the inform onds to the motorcycle rou during kickstart (v ings to safer values (le es not touch the stato s and lead to severe da	is well as own repair a oss of warranty. Do no results in damage to ation page for this sy e you have. Wrong ig iolent kickbacks). Be ess advance). During r coils or anything els	attempts which not cut off wires. o electronics. Also, rstem. Check that nition settings may careful during the assembly check
	classic motorcyc system is not a however signific function of side reliability. As ou of gaseous pollu to better combu existing legal st please check loo competition eve well be that you The charging s acid batteries	lesignated to replace cles whose engine of tuning system and it cantly enhance roadw indicators and horn a it system does not ta itants and noise. In m istion. If used as desi atus of the motorcycl cally against your roa ents. If used other that i do not obtain the de system is only suita with liquide electroly	stock dynamo/alterna tharacteristics have will not bring significat orthiness and comfort and, compared with the mper with engine char nost cases emission of gnated the system the e (this statement is van d licensing regulations an the designated way esired results or, worst able for use with recover the or sealed lead-acid metal-hydride, lithium	not been modified ant increases in engin by offering better lig e aging stock system racteristics it does no f pollutants should ev erefore will not norma alid for Germany, for b). This system is not r, warranty will be voi t you loose legal road chargable 12V (6V st batteries, AGM, Gel.	aftermarket. This e output. It does hting, better s, increased t increase emission en be reduced due ally infringe the other countries, suitable for use in ded and it might worthiness. Systems 6V) lead- It is not suitable

or no	nn i	rechard	ahle	batteries.
		echar	Jable	batteries.

	This is a replacement system and not a copy of the stock material . The parts in this system therefore look different and might fit differently (notably ignition coil and regulator) requiring some adaptation by you.
	During assembly imperatively start with assy of engine based parts to see that those really fit before you start fitting the external parts. In many cases customers assemble those first and thereby often modify them in breach of warranty which renders them unfit for renewed sale. Replacing old ignition systems is not a matter of taking something from a supermarket shelf as there have been very many types, versions and possibly unknown aftermarket modifications which harbour plenty of room for error.
	Our systems are NOT tested for use with third party electronic devices (such as GPS, mobile phones, LED lighting etc)and may cause damage to such parts. Possibly existing electronic tachometers will not work with the new system. Read our information for suitable solutions. Possibly existing safety switches and electronic valve controls are not supported. It might be that your motorcycle was originally equipped with an ignition that did limit top speed for legal reasons. The new system does not have such a facility, so check your legal situation beforehand.
	If you have no expertise for the installation have it done by an expert or at a specialist's workshop. Improper installation may damage the new system and your motorcycle, possibly even lead to bodily harm.
	Before you order a system, please check whether a <u>puller tool</u> for the new rotor is included in the kit. If not, better order it at the same time. You might want to order light <u>bulbs</u> , fuse, horn, flasher unit etc. Never use anything other than the recommended puller tool to pull the new rotor again. Damage to the rotor as a result of use of other tools or methods is not covered by warranty.
	The rotor is sensible to blows (including during transport). Before assembly, please always check for damage (on rotor without magnet plastification try to push the magnets aside with your fingers). After impact the glued in magnets might have broken loose, sticking to the rotor solely by magnetic force, so that one does not notice right away. During engine run the damage would be considerable. Before placing the rotor onto the engine, please make sure that its magnets have not collected any metal objects such as small screws, nuts and washers. That equally would lead to severe damage.
Internet	If you have access to the Internet, best view those instructions online. You get larger and better pictures by clicking onto them and possibly updated information. System list at http://www.powerdynamo.biz

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You should have received those parts:

- statorassy (preassembled)
- rotor
- regulator/rectifier
- ignition coil and HT cable
- relays with wires
- screws M5, M12, rubber grommet
- puller

Please do not disassemble the stator unit. You only risk at the point of reassembly to damage wires under the stator. Should you really need to disassemble, make sure you put the 3 parts of the unit into the original position as otherwise ignition timing will be wrong.



To disengage your new rotor again, you will need a puller M27x1,25 (part 70 85 899 99).

Note: Never use a claw puller, a hammer or any other device, that will shake the magnets off.

To pull the stock rotor you need a DKW puller (see here)

NFO You may enlarge most pictures in this information (online) by clicking onto them.

Make sure your motorcycle rests securely, preferably on an elevated work bench and that you have good access to the dynamo side of the engine.

Disconnect your battery and take it out of the motorcycle. Note that you will install a 12 volts system, so you will either need a 12 volt battery or you use the option of driving without battery. The system is capable of this. You will still have to replace all lightbulbs to 12 volt ones. The horn may stay at 6 volts.

Take the original dynamo off. For the stock rotor you need a special puller as shown here.





Take the woodruff key of the crankpin. It is no longer needed and it prevents assembly.



Further work is not at the engine block itself, but at the plate serving as a carrier of the alternator.

Remove the old stator and the terminal board. Enlarge the wire exit hole to 12mm and insert the provided rubber grommet. Then seal the small holes with the also provided M4x10 screws.





The new stator unit will be fixed to the DKW backplate (bowl) the same way as the original stator coil had been fixed, with 3 countersunk screws M5x30 (from behind the plate).



Place the complete new stator unit in such a way onto the DKW backplate that the wire exits directly towards the wire exit hole.

Make sure not to damage any wires or the paint insulation of the coils.

The red marking on the top adapter plate is an ignition marking.



Should you once disassemble the stator unit, make sure during re-assembly to bring the coil holder plate into the same position. Otherwise the ignition marking will not be valid any more.

Fix the DKW plate with the new stator unit to the engine by using the 3 screws M7x20 and the 3 washers 7.4mm. You will have to use a long tool spanner size 11.





Place the rotor loosely onto the crank and check that it may move freely above the statorbase.

Take the spark plug out and bring the piston into ignition position. Old DKW instructions give here 4.5mm for NZ250 and 6.5mm for NZ350.

As a result of the modern carburants and the powerfull ignition those data are no longer valid. Use better 3.5 (250) and 4 (350)mm BTDC to prevent kickbacks.



Take the rotor carefully off again without changing the crank's position.

Have a look at the new rotor. You will find on its circumference a small drilled in red marking. Have a look at the stator unit. There you find a red line.

Place the rotor back onto the crank in such a way that the marking on the rotor aligns with the marking on the stator. In that position fasten the rotor carefully.

(In picture markings do not seem to align as result of angled photo.)

It is very important not to change the crank position during that procedure (well, 1mm or so to the side will not do any harm). Screw the rotor down with the new hex screw M12x1.5 (and the washer).

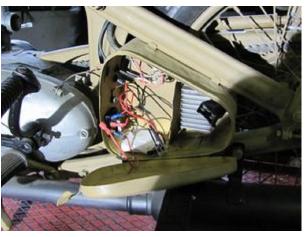
No need to worry over the now lost woodruff key. It did not have an arresting capacity, it was guiding to correct ignition settings. Now you have the markings and a much greater flexibility. To undo the rotor again, use the puller M27. Put first the pressure rod into the central opening of the crank and than apply the puller. Never without the pressure piece, you will damage threading in the crank!

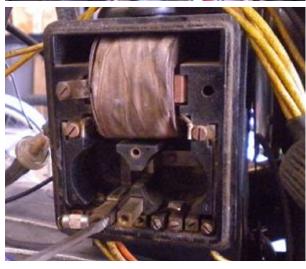
Remains to fix the parts outside the engine:

The new ignition coil and the regulator unit have to be placed onto the DKW. Something that is easier said than done if you want to keep those parts as little as possible visible.

Simplest is to fasten ignition coil under the tank on the frame with some holder device and to place the regulator into the side compartment.





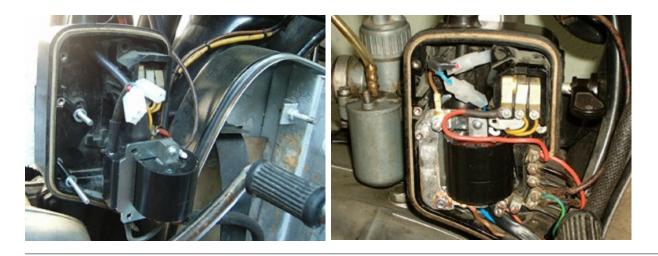


An more elegant solution for the ignition coil, is to hide it inside the switch box.

That is a little tricky, but will work.

You need to empty the box. Most content there should be rotten anyway.

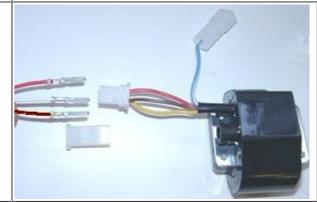
Unfortunately we have no pictures of such installation, so we below give some similar from the RT125.



Connect the parts as shown in the respective wiring diagram! For our standard DC regulator (95 22 699 06), use the Wiring diagram 73ir12:

For our DC regulator with built in smooting condenser (73 00 799 50), use additional the **wiring diagram reg_102**:

* To facilitate wire exit through the often small openings in the engine casing, the plastic plug of the generator's wiring that leads to the ignition coil have not been put onto the wire terminal. You should place the plug there only once all has been properly installed on the engine side.



Look for the ignition coil with its female plug and the three wires (red, brown and yellow).

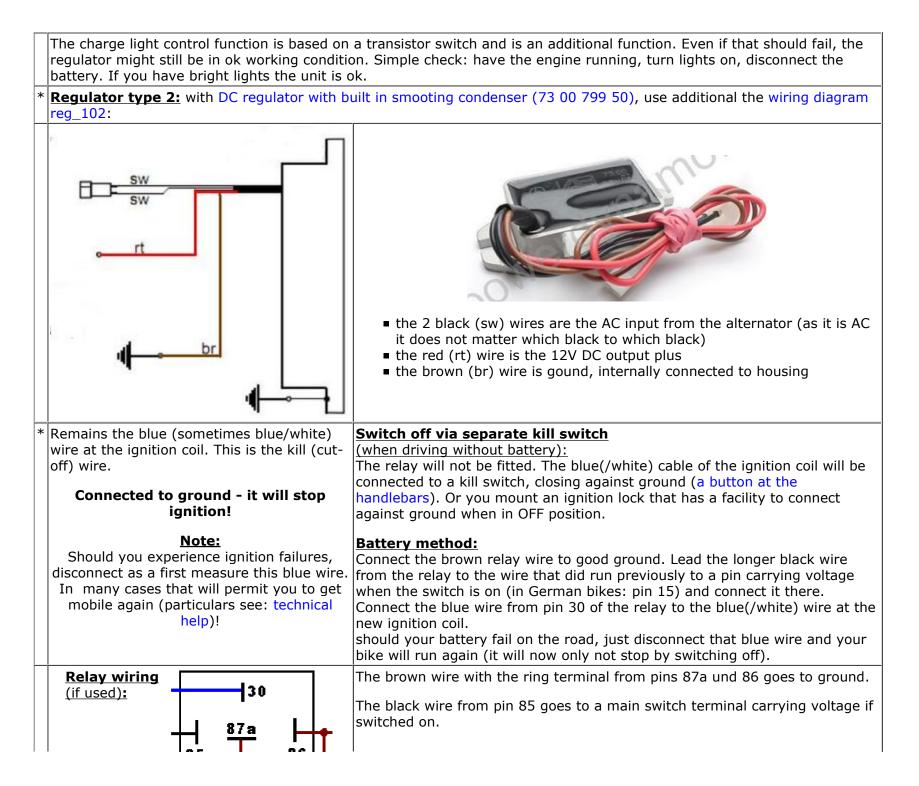
Put the provided 4-position plug housing onto this plug and insert the three wires (red, brown and white) from the generator. Make sure that the terminals engage securely in the housing and that you connect:

- red to red
- brown to brown
- white from the generator to yellow of the ignition coil

Should you need (or want) to get the terminals out of the plug housing again, enter a paper clip from front next to the terminals and push the little barb aside. Than pull the wire out.

Connecting Powerdynamo alternator to lighting circuit (via regulator):

		The 2 black wires running from the stator coil carry the voltage for lights, horn, flashers etc. They have nothing to do with ignition.			
		This voltage (something between 10 and 50 volts AC) has however to be stabilized (regulated) and for most uses rectified into direct current (DC) as it			
		primarily is alternating current (AC).			
		For this we offer 2 different regulators:			
		is and minus (with the DC versions) leads to immediate destruction of the rranty case as it is negligence! One can recognize a burnt regulator mostly by			
*	Regulator type 1: with standard DC regulat	cor (95 22 699 06), use the wiring diagram 73ir12:			
*		The new regulator/rectifier has a compact plug with 6 positions, of which <u>one</u> is not used. A female plug cover fitting to this plug is delivered. Into this female plug you have to insert the following wires (which have terminals that snap into the plug):			
	The two black cables leading from the generator	\dots connect to pins 1/4 of the new regulator (from there equally black wires lead inside the unit). It does not matter which wire connects to which of the both terminals (1/4) as they carry alternating current.			
	The new brown cable with the round eye terminal	connects pin 3 of the regulator unit (from there equally a brown wire goes inside the unit) with the negative pole of the battery or (in case you drive without battery) to ground (chassis).			
	The new red cable with the round eye terminal <u>Take care:</u> Wrong polarity will damage the electronics!	connects to pin 5 of the new regulator (from there equally a red wire goes inside the unit). Here your regulated positive voltage comes out to connect to battery plus, or (in case you drive without battery) to the voltage input terminal of the main switch (ignition lock, German bikes: pin 51/30).			
	Take sure that you have a 15A-fuse between battery and vehicle circuitry.				
	The green/red wire at pin 6 of the new regulator	is for the charge control light. You connect there the wire that formerly did run from the control light to the original regulator.			
	Remark: Until November 2007 this wire has been a single wire outside the compact plug.	Sure that this control only functions with a battery present. Should you drive without battery but still connect the wire, you will see that the light glows even as the generator generates voltage. So without battery, do not connect it.			



	85	
	Screw the high tension (ignition) cable Please <u>do not use</u> any spark amplifying cables, such as "Nology supercables" or "ho wire". This will disturb the system and possibly damage it.	into the ignition coil and pull over the rubber seal before mounting the coil (it will be easier). It Please do use the cable arriving with the pack and not any old cable.
	0-2kOhm). Plenty of problems are to be tra terminals and cables.	ike to new spark plugs and spark plug sockets (preferably some between ced back to "apparently good" (even completely "brand-new") sparks plugs, pression resistor. NGK (e.g.) offered such spark plugs coded with an "R" (for
	and fitments against the wiring diagram. Do Should something not work, please consult	y and before the first kickstart - please re-check carefully all connections o check battery and light bulbs for correct voltage (12V). our trouble-shooting guide on our homepage. As a first step disconnect the
*		the dynamo shaft is often machined and gets shorter. The result is a rotor rivets the stator coil. The result is a destroyed stator and ignition failure.
	Important safety and operating inform	nation
#	Safety first! Please observe the general he information and obligations indicated by th The timing marks on the material are for g	alth and safety regulations motor vehicle repair (MVR) as well as the safety ne manufacturer of your motorcycle. neneral guidance only during first installation. Please check after assembly by s are correct to prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You
#	Safety first! Please observe the general he information and obligations indicated by th The timing marks on the material are for g suitable means (stroboscope) that settings alone are responsible for the installation ar <u>Ignition systems generate high tension!</u> W only be painful, but outrightly <u>dangerous</u> . high tension cables. Should you need to te material and push it firmly to solid ground	alth and safety regulations motor vehicle repair (MVR) as well as the safety the manufacturer of your motorcycle. The meral guidance only during first installation. Please check after assembly by the are correct to prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You and the correctness of settings. This may, if handled carelessly, not Please do keep a safe distance to the electrode of your spark plug and open st spark firing, hold the spark plug socket securely with some well insulating
	Safety first! Please observe the general he information and obligations indicated by th The timing marks on the material are for g suitable means (stroboscope) that settings alone are responsible for the installation ar <u>Ignition systems generate high tension!</u> W only be painful, but outrightly <u>dangerous</u> . high tension cables. Should you need to te material and push it firmly to solid ground Never pull sparkplug caps when engine is r Should you have received in the kit HT cab	alth and safety regulations motor vehicle repair (MVR) as well as the safety the manufacturer of your motorcycle. The meral guidance only during first installation. Please check after assembly by the are correct to prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You and the correctness of settings. This may, if handled carelessly, not Please do keep a safe distance to the electrode of your spark plug and open st spark firing, hold the spark plug socket securely with some well insulating of the engine block.
#	Safety first! Please observe the general he information and obligations indicated by th The timing marks on the material are for g suitable means (stroboscope) that settings alone are responsible for the installation ar Ignition systems generate high tension! W only be painful, but outrightly <u>dangerous</u> . high tension cables. Should you need to te material and push it firmly to solid ground Never pull sparkplug caps when engine is r Should you have received in the kit HT cab to use spark plugs with an inbuilt resistor (laws.	alth and safety regulations motor vehicle repair (MVR) as well as the safety be manufacturer of your motorcycle. Interest of your motorcycle. Interest of prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You are correct to prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You and the correctness of settings. It is not material right up to 40,000 Volts! This may, if handled carelessly, not Please do keep a safe distance to the electrode of your spark plug and open st spark firing, hold the spark plug socket securely with some well insulating of the engine block. running. Wash your vehicle only with engine at standstill and ignition off. Deles with a fixed rubber boot(which does not contain a resistor) you might have (or replace the cap with one containing a resistor) to comply with your local f all screws, even those preinstalled. If parts get loose during run, there will be

	severe damage to the inner electronics there. You will not get any tangible results from the operation anyway. Bear in mind that also your carburetor, your spark plugs and spark plug sockets (even if completely new) might be the reason for malfunction. The general experience with our systems is that the carburetor will have to be re-adjusted to lower settings. Should the system not start after assembly, first disconnect the blue (or blue/white) cut-off wire directly at the ignition coil (or in some cases advance unit) to eliminate any malfunction in the cut-off circuitry. Check ground connections carefully, make sure there is a good electrical connection between frame and engine block. In case of troubles, please consult our Knowledge Base first before you send off the material to us for checking
#	The spark of classic, points based ignition systems has with about 10,000 Volts comparatively little energy and looks therefore yellow and fat (which however makes it highly visible). The spark from our system is a high energy spark with up to 40,000 Volts and therefore is needle thin focused in form, and blue in colour, which makes it not so visible. Furthermore you get spark only at kick-start operated speeds and not by pushing the kick-lever down slowly with your hand (as you might get with battery based ignitions).
#	Systems using a twin outlet ignition coils have a few peculiarities. Please observe that during tests on one side, the other has either to be connected to an fitted spark plug or securely earthed/grounded. Otherwise there will be no spark on either side. Also with such open exits long and dangerous sparks may fly all over the coil.
#	Never do electric arc welding on the bike without completely disconnecting all parts containing semiconductors (ignition coil, regulator, advance) stator and rotor need not be taken off. The same is true for soldering. Before touching electronics disconnect the soldering iron from mains! Never use copper putty on spark plugs.
#	Electronics are very sensitive to wrong polarity. After work on the system, do check correct polarity of the battery and the regulator. Wrong polarity creates short circuits and will destroy the regulator, the ignition coil and the advance unit. As a rule, wiring will always be colour to colour. Instances, where colour jumps between wires are expressly mentioned in our instructions.
#	When you handle the new rotor, take care not to damage its magnets. Refrain from direct blows to the circumference of the rotor. When transporting never put the rotor over the stator. Observe our information relative to transport of the material.
#	Do not use spark plug sockets with a resistance of more than 5kOhm. Better use 1 or 2kOhm ones. Bear in mind that spark plug sockets do age and thereby increase their internal resistance. Should an engine start up only when cold, a defective spark plug socket and/or spark plug is very probably the cause. In case of problems check high tension cables too. Never use carbon fibre HT-cables, never use so called "hot wires" which promise to increase spark.
#	It is a good idea to cover the rotor in a thin layer of oil to reduce the risk of corrosion.
#	Never use a claw puller or a hammer to disengage the rotor. Its magnets might become loose in the event. We offer a special puller for disengaging the new rotor again (see assembly instruction)!
#	Should the motorcycle not be in use for some longer period, please disconnect the battery (so existing) to prevent current bleeding through the diodes of the regulator. Though, even a disconnected battery will empty itself after a while.
#	Please do observe these remarks, but at the same time, don't be afraid of the installation process. Remember, that before you, thousands of other customers have successfully installed the system. Enjoy driving your bike with its new electric heart!

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